Myssco

TRADE MARK

The June 27th our left Sanfaran Juichisorie and about 18m. across the rolling plain of the middle withhours to the RP. station of La gunas when we aleft in our old greaters in the 10CR. Station, the 28th wer Continued our route toward the Pacific. The same rolling plan continued withouts on both E. VW. I time stone hills rising abruptly near Lagunas. most of the way was through country over from who with Insh Horr to En many placeous from 507 palms (Coroso) often containing thous. ands of hors. There grows mon, as a rule untimized with other trust bushes but often stood outalmost by themselves . In either case they made an intersting sight valded gratty To the appearance of the monotonous growth of Justy words. Deawone of these polices with its truck completely interlaced renclosed in the network-like truck gazig tour the topog Which was outspread about the top of the palin Onother figher had killed the palm the trunk of The latter had decayed leaving the hollow mould sits form in the heart of the Jig. The a few indians worn seen at work in small cornfields among thewood but the main Justines of this fast of the Lethous is callle growing on some long ranches. at the station of Chevila long the large of pen plain of the same name that extends over so much of this part of the isthmus I left the outfit to wait for the afternoon train to go in to Tehuantetie for mail Tupplies while the outfit writen to the town of Sane Geronius when Twilljoin it. Wile waiting for the train a peddler turned up & I found that he was a Rysian. He has From in the country a number of years to Idling Cheep seweling, trinkets va variety of small

warrs. He talked enthusiastically of his own Country & said that in two years more he would have enough money so that he would return to his own country to live. He was unquenergetie & in the small settlement while we wanted for the train. The train took me in to Tehuantepec at 8 P.m. During the 29th a 30th I waited out to rijoin my assistant who is at work at Sauleromino - Frains run only a frustimes a work as the traffic is Extravely light on the Sethours I will continue to be so solong as then an no ace ports at either End when vissels can unload readily. There is considerable local passenger traffic between Ishwantefur & the neigh-Joing places on the S. side of the Isthing as the natives patroning the train very freely in Friends the fraist market in Jehuantepre or to come in to make their anall purchases. It is a light picturage eight to see the crowd gathered about the depot a half hour or so before train leaving. The Bright Colored Jornets of hat head dresses of the women are the most conspicuous of jets. The women of this locality on always striking from a physical stanforms Delling about the Jeh. markets-On July 22 I or joined my lest tot Jan Gerohimo- This is a large native town I 3 to 4000 people with a Tru half Ired living them I the member of the family of a formehman (Deggves). They have considerable property on the Isthmus Fut are gradually losing it & going down since the death of the futher according to their own account as well as by common repute.

This seems to be the fate of the descendants country accumulate property marry nations worden. Dispite the size of the lown it is made up of small ado to house mattled huts with two of those letter stons having less than Too worth opgoods all told. Torrything garry importance is bought in Jeh. The mem ders of the Degyvers family - Several men came about when we won stopping & won von outspoken about the detniment to the Deth. mus produced by the P.P. V told how good business was defor the latter was built. This complaint is a very common one in all rulyico I found goldman just getting over a light malanal altack. While he trapped for duplicate types of Geomys grandis I made out on hand across to Coatocoalcos to white. On July 6th I took the train with my material From very light so for on the Sithmus and I saw no origing of the swampy character that the north From near La Puerta donon to Sta. Lucritia The forst is fine the soil humid of the to The county is a rolling plaindescending gradually toward The rea alfortiocoaleor Dwasgnatty dissafointed & leader that the ohipment of executers Frought over her a month ago had not bren sent as The steamer advertised & come failed to amor as the price of fustie is down the owner of the cargo of wood lying here for shipment refused to close the charter a new line of steamers 4 just established from herr to ver Cong to

our workly and Iwill send the rutin lot by them, On July 8th returned to Tehnante fice to get mail Exchange money. Ve proposition to starting for Chiefes. On the train came two Enqueen & lookal the pacific terminus for jette or pier facilities. On July 11th of returned & Saugeroniulo and apent the day in getting mody to class for Chiapas. July 12th I had a slight attack amalarial grow today so put of the slast until tomorrow - The 13th when we loaded our mules and took the road for Chiapas We made 22 miles in an easterly course to the Hda. La Venta when we hind a wattled nation but for the night. The owner of this place is a widow who has a reputation of tring Extruely inhospitable to travelless so we did not trouble her but did willenough among the indeans who treated us very well. On the 14th of July we made to miles to the indian town of millipee. all the way from San geronino our Course has Freu alross the gently stoping Coast place courned with bushes vlow words in most of its steel but Varied by open larassy proines again by Felts of deice, heavy forst along the low bottombs bording the small water courses crossed. Duthe 15th me trached Janatepee, 72 miles, From militapee. Our vorite was a little 5. sprast across the nearlesself jost flain Francy savannas of considerable extent

were yourd along this fortopour route and alternatingarias of country over from with bushes very woods-Outhe grassy praines more seen a number I fact rabbets and the general character of the country was in suface virgelation was notably vinilar to that about Tehuantipue Onour way we overtook an american named John whois locating Engineer on the Gual Horthern P.R. vlives in qualemala City. He is now on half pay as work is not deling pushed on the P.P. so he is putting in his time tronging pack mules from Central mex. to tell in Just. when there is a very good maket for them owing to the great crop demand for packanimals to take the offer to the sea coasts four served a long time on Grozelian P.P.S Twas an agmiddle Companion - at Janatepee m stopped at a house kept by a widow the widowed daughter in-law with a la ge family of children & an adopted child go whome pornets had died. Thour our constantly suspinied at the number of middle aged widows I have seen about the country & especially in southern mex, I can only account for this of the idea that the men die much younger thou the women by roson of their mon dissipated habits. The physique of the women throughout southin Mexico-except in the high ruls. is atrikingle superior to that of the men of it is easy to see that the men will succumb to desease more quickly than theromen oring to their downkenness & sexcession sexual insulgence which the lack of morale among the women rules

along our route today we came on the man of some soldies en route to Lan Insto. Bal. The soldier nor morehing in sandels-Following Them were a number of mise able looking, dit women the temporory wives of the doldier. Goss had some luncheon in his salds Jags which he held out to one of them washe Sprang at it like a Jamiched animal. With their extremeliamall pay it is suprising how the voldies live & keep there women. On the 16th we ment on to Lapana, 18 miles_ across the same kind of country we passed over yesterday. Tapana is a small place situated on a dope at the foot of a hill. The people on mainly indians (photicos) but the business of the place is mainly in the hands of the family of the foruchman of worms who came here many years ago Amade considerable morley as an indigo planter, Hrestablished the Hola. Sta. Efigenia I had a numerous family. The daughters married foreignes. Among these was Francis Tunichnet who lived some years at Sauta Efigenia vafterword nampingone of the Laughters moved to a place a fiveleagues away to the East called Cacopineto where he established a rouch. This heafterward Gold and went to Jonala where he establish ed a Turiners & finally died of Colera. From the Drowne family at Tapana (Several of the daughters live there) I learned That the Hola. of Sta. Efiguria is now un-inhabited except for a fine indian servants who are herding cattle there. a Mr. Liljehully who married one of the daughters that a

me out to the Hacienda when I Explained my desire to go there to get duplicate types of some mice (Revoneyscus melanophnys) taken theter by Sumichrust. On July 17th wir left Tapana & rode out through neglicated Frush-grown trails for 8 miles to the Hola. which is nearly north of the town, We ford the huge buildings of the Hola, closed I lovely in the midst of an encroaching growth of rock wird voushes that or rapidly many ball & looked gloomy enough when the mety locks ringes gover way? Let us enter Zaking possession of the most habitable room we armught our whereal at once to how leaving us with The indian mon wongoing about absolutely Rude except for a brisch cloth. Two of the wome hen had a nisthen of negro blood judging from Their Frotures thair. Theywar milking Dome Cows here making the sour milk Chuses of the Country. We found the old woman of the head herder to be a good nathered, friendly hines from whome me seemed milk ralette cheese. Our stayed this place was more prolonged than we planned rit was the first of august before morsumedour soundey. The mice we were after live back in the foothells of the abjacent mits award miles away soit was alon & hard work securing them. From the nations I leaved that quite a number of Abidy monteeys came migularly to fired on

Just in front of the Ada, building at The Efigerial is a large wild Jig tree against the much blows fourther sow hich had Fren placed several plants hew plants These had born standing thus with one und on the from who other against the Fort against sothat retwern the wrather rwhiteautsthe plants worr in an advanced state of decay. The runastay thing in connection with these plants was 6 the fact the large lower Franch of the fig had given off Franches or air-roots which bedending had clasped the upperends The planks in a close group so that it would brim possible to remove them without making hem & fragments. Due plank leaving desiett, against the branch was grapped of several nots van truck of the tree a foot below the Back was also grouped by rottets given He pours of thought ven sation & had sent out these rolls from the brund knowing that the plant stood Filow. This sentient power ofthe figther is onement shown always impresses one with a Justing that these trus are Conscions & have a life like that of some animal without the power of locombation. Some mildfigs & Civillas growing along or arise near the How. Their the grown is more hand than Elsewhere Do hat the wildfig to Taspod Tous grow our 100) high vyrom 3 to over elft, at base The print of the circula is the comment your of the monthly Tollowing lantioned up the course of the streat for a mile or more about the monet crossing of the trail leading & Japana. The songs of a wood women the Honey criper with an occasional clear workling of a menula tristes worn the main notes that brokethe theliness of the forset which grows heavy trail a large blue & black butterfly wourd itself dowly along on along moving wings Torst head the black forms of Buggard Certaeross the openings where the kyshowed some chewid up fragments of figs much had taken breakfast & the old track of taperdown a soft, sleep bout was noted_ Juddenly a rustling of leaves followed by a series of what house barting cries told us that the monteeys had heard us own making off The at once dashed away in puramit other bring a comparation open Frightened creatures. Several were Trought down with charges of heavy shot making a truendous thracking thusas they fell! meanwhile some of the older ones still Farting had made offin various directions & then ceasing their note of alarm worr lost in the masses of foliage Extending away on

7lunk The fact that the tranches goor down no oranch roots except jobs the surpose of trucking dear plants all sides. I found that the only way & get hese annuals was to follow one until it was secured then perhaps get a chance at other That had gone in the same course for they scalled a very short time leaving the forest cilent vdesexted. The main body of the animaly usually follow some old male but the flock broks up if dolly frightened The reasones scattering. At this time many of the frmales mine with you. One young one was taken with its mother when the latter was shot It clung tightly about her waist from behind with its hands o first clinging to her long jur & its tail wound about the Faxe of the old one's tail It clung desperately to the boly or theold one & hid its facein her Jugwhel I took hold ogit to take it away. In places when They are not distarted there animals are Tolk will stop speer down above from the tree-top assuming vanousabourd to reape got into a tall the cut off of som other on the for side of a small crack some \$5 yds across but the top of the nearest tre Extended out to within about 300135 gt. bring lower than the true in which the monkey was. as I came to the foot of the true the monkey run out on a strong branch the leafed off head formist in the attitude of a diver and landed safely in the Tray Frlow catching the Franches with her hands. She descended at an angle of about 1650 or in a horizontal line must

have cleand 1800 20 gt. anday While viking along the trail, to the place in company with an indian Jax beisel dogs mi Calue suddenly on an old & armables with right young about 1/3 grown. They had evidently heard us coming for they were clauding in a lette close prosend growp, side to side, in growing of the side of the trail. The dense growth forsthanging bushes vamuell trus made The spot a shad on at all hours. I got off my horse thinking tealth one of the young ones alive That that moment the dogs sens them I dashed at them. Quelantly the short little group exploded the little animals dasting away exactly like so many small pigs in their movements. The group broke apart out all made a slight circuit theadel for a certain point in the thick under growth about 50 or 75 ydsaway. The backing of the dogs there located the place when we foul this ourson when they had taken refuge except for two of the little follows that the dogs had caught. That these animals stood so still & let us approach mithin 20 %. as they did think was due to their instruct of self prosunction If they had moord we should have seen them at some distance out standing as they did we were Frinks on top sythem or fore they were seen whad they chanced to have trem a jusy of. To one side of the troil instead of directly in it my should have reased without seeing them they are not swift Eurough to escape dogs, Joses or other animals of pray when discorred still when alarmed by a noise in the gonst. Their shell is of no protection except against birds of pory, Dogs tear them The pieces vrry gnickly & Whar seen The remains opserval of them where they hadbern Ikilled & state by animals in the works. The most of the country about Sta. Efigenia is overty rown with the low woods of rush common to the tind Inopical Filther. Bockalittle across the rather level grown when the old indigo fields were located Figure the foothill which rise in sleep slopes, partly wooded V fothy open grassy country. The woods an low & brushy over the wooded dopes up to the top of the range which does not rise to non than 4500005 000 ft near her & hasa scallend growth of the hopeeal some abour about 15000strocoft about sealeurl. This is the main ranged) the Cordellera which extends from the 6 East side of the Sithman & along Farallel to the Pacific coast into Gratemala. Having finished our In the woods Froming on the excessionly rough rocky lope, of a linestone frost of the foothilly work many monkeys, as will as a ong the nive. Howling finished our work him we par our outfit and propond to continu our journey on the 1st or Quant The passed Santa Efigenia and went on 16 miles oryond to a place cally Thank Red ndo just within the forty

Hollows by deepstoping peaks nachig 4-5000 ft-with their sides over grown with trop. pines -From Tapana to Tonala we followed the coast blain which is path wooded & path growing prairies like the country toward Tehnantepee within a frew miles of Jonala & saw the last Jack Rabbit. This is the Extrems point of their range along the coost in this direction. The town of Inala is about 15 miles inland from the coast on the lower dopes of the foothells of the Cordilletra Betwin It du see is a gent alopie Blain mainly orry rows with dushes low wood. Then is a wonkouse of some Forges for unloading versels along the open show her which makes! The port of broals. The Customs house officials Tousiners houses are all located in Tonala I only go to the chor on pleamer days which are twice a month. Tomala has two or three stores with a fair stock of goods & the house of Liljehults o Orday- The agents of the Sleaners is a well made two story building The met of the town is made up of wisignif cant houses. The place is of no importance Except as a supply point for sending goods into the interior Cattle mising a a little forming and the industries of the people her. On the 2d we made 21 m. 4 a ranch Culled La Pampa when we comped & on the 3ª made 16 m. to the Town of Jonala when we see put uptemporonly in a musicrable hotel.

It took me until the 5th to find a room in which wrecould doon work. When Sleft the hotel the rancally proprieter, tried to cheat me in the of. a forced on sytra payment for our pack taddles having Fre keft under a shed on his formies. The people when mornted a room work very masonable & hovest in their demands Toriala is mainly atown of mexicans or half bloods with fres whiliams so that Spanish is the language. Therentry of Themain plaza is accupied by la Fine Froad sporading, round topped Ceibather. This is surrouled of a the line of outsprad oranches withe ruclosed space I is pour with cobble stones. Duthis pourd Enclosure The daily market is held Tythe women who sell all manner of browning fronts overgetables. This market usually in lasts mutil about noon but nearly all day on Sunday. How me met an old Spanish doctor who is a travelling or. It has born in and is now travelling about mexico doing a what he can. He was very monomful here gove away promising to them with the money but who failed to appear

another spaniard a Tright young Irllow was also her selling goods for dealers in Spain onexico City. The spanions on showed trades raving lang share of the Exerces in onex, is in their hands. Duning our stay here Imade a trip to the top of the range of forthills just back y town to a point overlooking the town vallthe surrousing country Horont to Lea- a brentiful view. There on the open grossy slopes ofthe hell top is an extension has bren te raced with navy internediate elspes foced up with rough stone work T two rule pyramids of small vize occupy the Centres of Amouth floored plazas surrouted to otone walls. These plazas or in hectagonal shape. The houses must have been made of wattles much as the stone work although witendingour a considerable and appears to or the ormains qualls, terrace Slopes some joursely like spicestognost. Duly a very fru large monsthe orest bring rough slove to gethered or roughly Droken but laid so to give as semosth a face as possible. Only a single effort at sculption was seen ret was on a large rounded soulder lying in one of the pyramid plagas. It had the zigur of a large Joer cut in the upper side of the stone but the wrather has affaced it so that it is difficult to distinguish all the outlines. Like the ruins near telecenters These mins would not indicate much Civilization & the only fragments of potter Deeu won the common book cooke kind Inchasis still made vused for common domestic purposesWhile at Jonala me metan american woman when husband. I name her jirst for she was a remarkable emergetic noman is her husband has justitud only a per months ago o Irfon that the had planted a Coffer ranch of fold it for 30000 at Japachula is now with her husband has a place I when the sonala Viapochula (neor janatapee) when the an going into the cattle business. The nuxueaus say she thurst feeld in the house say she thurst feeld in the house. She is very dright of look after men in the fields in the house. She is very dright out opdoor the house. She is very dright out opdoor of secupations. For husband is an Ex-Causay in far infrior to her in intelligence.

no ornamental Colonizor even incised Onon return to lown my finds took a Short cutand killedadeen that has a remarkably bright red coat. at the Sfigenia in ford the same deer as at Sehwanteper vitalso occurs herr . Having the sund the spee's on handown to the 5.5. Co. mer packed our outfit & started for interior Chiapason the 13 th of Aug.
We travelled back nearly parallel to our old course to the ranch called &a Calera_ 16 miles from Zonala in a new. course. On the way we crossed the track of the abandoned PR. that was brief from the has bor of Tomala for between 50 × 60 Kilometers inland, passing adout 3 miles to me side of Tonsla & Ending a few miles from Latalesa. There are Engines tother Equipments on the track near the coast that have stood then weathering for a number orgeos. The tres have rolled away & many of the telegraph poles hote fallendown The road was started by an English Co. The people of the neighboring rigion her in Chrapas give a very remenerable record to all concerned in the local management of affair. The neex, goot has recently on sicaled the abalisqued property for mo Julfilment of contract & an offering to build the trood on to Tixta, the present capital This would be a most unwise this for the would not be duriness enough to warrant a train a work. It allera is sintaled flore to the done of the cordillera & takes its name from the

fact that a limestone hill rises here in the suid of the otherwise metamosphie Fromation. This hill stands up as a sharply noing peak in the little valley in which is located the village of La Calera. Line Kilus an located about the boxe of the hills it hen to make line & take it to Zonala room & Tapachula-(It brigg up to 4ctralb, in the latter place). The lime burning is comed on The manner of doing businessin this orgion & shown by the goet that the town Council of Tonala stated to fuilda dridge orra alna Fortween town the landing on the coast. When the neason was party completed, for the abulinest, the received, the received at once aunounced that they could not. Furn lime during the raine season, having open pits, so the work on the bridge was suspendeduntel the End of the laws 5016 month later, meanwhile of something elve Comes up to draw the attlition of the Council in another descetion this dridge may Truain in this condition indefinitely as I have seen many prices of workless after bring half done in vorious parts of The Country, Along the road Iwas overtaken by a young woman on horseback and in talking with her learned that she lived in Tomala but was now on his bay to a ranch she sweet near La Calera. The said she was a wistow what she had bru married when 1140. old or had

trena widow for several years-Ar Trusband lad left her the ranch with about 80 head of cattle & sheadled that her husband's family had not taken the ranch from her in a way that showed that the would not have thought it rema kable if they had taken the property, I asked her kow it came that the had not married again I she said that the had had plenty of chances out that the Frank to nearry for her husband might elnik up all her property Heave her in the street. at La Calera we obtained permussion & aleep in the corridor of a house of Cupied by a half brild family who have cattle on the range her which have They complained of the dry years which have orcently caused so much loss to cattle from all along this coast. the south day in the afternoon just after our arrival (a shalf shower occumed-The rains have been very heavy at night since our stay at Ionala but in the day Tun sunshine v clouds hoor chased one another across the country. The wrather was worm in the day but not unconfortable at night & Inquents In the day time the sun made the mousture loaded atmospher rather opprosive to Exercise in.

The deary smokiness of the atmosphen that observes the horizon so thoroughly in southern nex. in the In season is clearly away in past by the rains so that one gets a view of the nets softened only org nearby stand out very distinctle. The country is drilleauth gran now from the effect of the recent rains and is very allow him Ou the next morning-The 14th - we went on atrition directly into the mountains. Our course layup a narrow trail ascending the steep stope in a winding course. We wan soon up on the slope so that a fine view was seen of the white line of trakes along the whom and the series & coast lagoons. In places the trail has Fon this accent has been worn dans by the trougland the raws until one is in a deep cont no monocut with walls 20 or 25 ft. righ when no two animals could pass one another. In one of these cuts I found a small Quake trying vainle to make its redy out & dismounted to capture it. Justas I was reschingout to pick it up an indiancame running down the trail & hirned a brud in the trail to Coming from me without warning. He was within 4 cr 5 st. of the Snake Vrugself & the look of mixed surprise & horros at bis encountry wax laughable. He stood as if transfixed untill sikedup the reptile & toldhim to 9000 which he did without any unne essen delay, The day had breonce dork returnateing of me gained the summit at an athride of about 3500 St. This forms the summent of the

Cordellera in this postgits coast withe highest peaks scarcely mach tooo It- to 5000 /-The tropical pure vome serubly oaks of 2 Opecies John an open Jones on the ridges. DEscending The north Rlope we could see a Jime open valley leguey brow brilliantly govern with grosses who open pine forstall about us was corpeted with a Filliantly grown The grande smaller getation while ming mough to give a wind gram covery to the rout, with flowers of red, yellow, white oblue Scattend about was still scarty rungh to denote a rather stinle soil ahelfored's Patrony down the stope me cause to administra as a light shower passed. Here me remained allogthe next day (aug. 15th) Collecting Finds Vonaminals, neither of which wor von numerous. One ling, 16th we went on in a northylcourse grassy pine Jonst the we followed the the trail out on the open valley which slope gutte down toward the white buildings of an Hacuirla Passing this wor con can the usual group of small servants huts grouped at one side of the longe comal close of showed that stock raising found the main business We wan now in the valley of Jignipilas down which we travelled allday. The valley is from 3 to 8 miles wide volanted by a low range Sports. rising in rounded continues to an although of from 4 to 45 00 gt. on their highest summets. Asmall strain flowing down the middle of the valleywas bordered of

a vigorous growth of hors & bushes Witted near evening when wer came to a stritch of low Hat land on which wa five heavy growth of tubes of various tropical Cupper trop, species, In these woods over many ofthe great ordryellow macaus utting their discondant skinets and cries from the Branches of the tallest true to too In these woods also occurs tiles villerous according to the nations, Havinghassed chrough the Felt of forst ar came out again into a valley o nanower that that wrhad left with a mon stenle voney character. Here torresence by oaks, acacias, or indicating adner climate. Mocking sin & Colenius Coyolcos war common allday in the corpoleos wir common left the heavy for salley Totallow fast an adobrhouse which withing Forthe night we win give promission to slee fronthe ground in the sheller of the purch or Corridor when several people horrialnady Camped, Horr I got at north on the Birt taken Rosigthe road during the day & soushood a good natural crowd about ne whose comments work amusing One of the new qually said he had form in the City of mex. I seem the museum ther V Supposed I must or getting openium In this purpose This was grite surprising as it is ron that sunth mion intelligent people in out of the way places in mex. have any idea of the use that specimens can or put to the ordinary decision is that they serve as medicine (remediate). Take the next am wor work up & while pocking the animals the songs of

from the patches of bushes contris near by, Duning this day (the 17th) win Kepton in the same course through a Valley much norrower than Fifon & late in the afternoon proched a ranch serom as San Ricarda. Vhis place is, valley her. The should growth of vitalion As carocity of grass show that the climate is much done than net the heaf of the thram about over route yesterday. We made 18 mil/m. today & stopped at an alt. of conse to town of Oco zucuantla att. 3/00 pr. From San Ricardo the road led for a mile or so across the plain wither ascended what appeared to be a range of low mits. 500-800 He high fronting the rost side of the valley. When the summit was reached me more suspound to find our Selvers on the borshes of a plateau - plail noching round topped hills along its wishin border when we were. These don hills won situated in the midstof the plain from which they plain wasgemerally open of rosses with a few wooded bills with hells win covered with a longrowth of trus & bushes from their buses. The Frielland gran grass of the plain with the world hills goved bradliful, hek-life effect to the scenery. The town of Ocozu-cuantla lies at the rasten boods of the plain that descends abrufitty to the Border of the long on its Eastern side. We stayed at this Jelace a granday of but didnot get much

Herr not heard the marinbanked as a seremading instrument. One night at placed under the window opa house across the street when zyg. ladies liord & while one man held a small ladeth in molo opoiled paper the sermales played Several pieces. The chilly night brings seemed to or too much for the rulhusiasm of the pater after sweeping as mas apentin playing the instrument was corned away. From the races that are Jelling in Leavy shours alwast daily now the climate is cool pleasant her the orgitation grown frish. The people living ham an mainly Thirthe Hood there tring my fred indians & all talk spanish. They Claim that the people about him willag or passed just before maching Ocomente Willed had dening an a little way side Cantina rused any the nama mile away when an indian came hunging after ogan me the knife This was a most Suffrience thing as all the rule in such places is to not let such cours escape. The marinba is an instrument used only by men & when tasked a little girl at the fouls if she could play on it she was very indignant saying I am not a man". Ou aug. 712 mr left Ocoz. & proceeded 10m. in nw. This place is occupied by an old indian whis few ily volations. We had some trouble in getting a blace to stop But finally when we could jud ho place The old man made worm you usin one ofthe two houses he had. Thener new lodgedars in the place when the rolying to the vinger was kept owing to the church wastaken up with the improved alter.

Together from Ocastenantla we ascended ourselves on an open grassy, rolling plain with limited a mas of beither & small tries, to the East the plain extended to the horizon (in direction of Juxtla) but to the N. it was is limited with 4015 might by a range of worked bills that vise from 100 to 800 ft about the general level to form the crest of the mountains at this foint-thing father slope descenting in a long sures to the Chiapas River. The old man her was a good natural friends forthe thoroughly marked. Howard good natural griently old follow. The village is governed of him in a paternal manner The attends to all matters that affect the village intenst with the authorities. The women still meson spin cotten varior of the cloth for their own was to beel. Some of the things have woorn vrub vordend foatterns gruhen Iboreghta gru articles. While at this village la rancher from Dismuch Called alvacia" 3 miles East 1 Occilapa -. His name is miguel Burguete Ito he man free for a while ou day. It was my Friendly & invited me to go to his ranch to stop. the curtation was accepted & on the 249 plug me mound over them. Found him twing with night House Easther floor & mode scarty frontier that the families living in grass thatched walled walled huts near by. He forms some some care care brans, com, sine applies coffer. The pine apples are very fine forst that covers the range of tow nets, ning from the plaints form the limit of the long, heavily forst & slope up from the plaints form the limit of the long, heavily forst & slope up from the Direction of the long of the long of the slope up from the plaints of the limit of the long, heavily forst & slope up from the Chiafoas nivers has a Cool rather damp climate will suited to Coffee But the soil is to hard relaming Some coffee is grown here Intonas mall scall. From him Duade a trip to a coffee plantation

schooled some bors miles north ofthe ranch Somethe slope of the met. The trail bled through one of the most luxuant vorantiful bills hunded, upper Trop. Jonst Shave seen, The S Country of this fonds is excessively rocky with broken I ragged limestone but the this rock giant profortions, Especially sometinge wild Jig tres with curious thin buttreses maching out along the butto Thunk to the note. Long vines Louis vives a great many herbs with chinging porasitic plents mut to make up a rich growth of vigetation among which the lines of the trail Horaule animal life was very ocarce a very from men at work making a road through the rocky and from the ranch This work was undertaken by the owner of the ranch alone - this one of the most we getie mexicans shour seen. He has opened up this ranch 3 leagues back in the jonat whas 30000 coffer plants out with 70 moses. Some of these moses over over 300. The enter system of Haber in Chiapas is stat Jemplesjing men who harran aidettedries to you. as a nile thirdeft is news stringuished on The mansens all his life His only method is to run men in this condition The law holks them to the Sence of the one to whom they owe & of they browne the amount of their debt + their they go out r hunt for some employer who is willing to assume the debt of Joaquing the first employer then they transfer their services. Dowing to the relation scarcit glabor new find it race to get a new mostly of the replaces. I was mostly of the respective of the residences.

While atthis rauch I saw two species of Tinamor (the land recommend they were doth in a branteful shady epot in the heavy to not close to a fine sping rauch de soil is von good out the Coffer trus at the lover edge of the plantation made a heavy yield lastyces their lower Tranches then died on a large part of the Tres sothat the tresan not as strong as they should be; On the replan partoy the slope they are men thingly irobust in appearance. In the afternoon Introved alone through the joint tit was getting dut vehadowy as Inde through to heaviest put of the woods when the air was alonedy dampolation with the odor of plants dreaming regetation with the naing humidity gright-The notes opennal Soletoens winheard in sweet kalences as sprode through the midst of the glooney aisles when the this won legest va dark nest from tome was head In this neighborhood the money paid new Im a months work amounts & Vatout 3-5 dollars a month with rations of com, Frans & salt pay. On aug. 29th we left Ranche alsation for Fixthe- 23 min on rastely course - when we arrived in the afternoon. For several miles out of a alsatis the road to across the rolling plain that ness gradually to a stimule for divide at about 4 foot. to the valley of Tuxte the title Chiapes Riv. a large part of the place and also of the slope descenting to Juxte is overgrown with brushes to low tries of the and Irop. Climate amount

Which was conspienous Calliandras, Cassias a small atron near the lown of Don Radingo. We passed here atricklay & the place had a dome sun Baked appearance of the briefle withis on an outeropping gushitish lime rock. Searcely a Tush grown near The mudwalled mottlet houses huts. as usual agrantited verys should the the ditter classes. Back of this place is a small soffer district. Drocending the long slope from This folion looking village we qually entered the Hong namow valley leading down to to the Chiepers nor in which, a bout & " rich about the river, is located the city of Tuxtla Gutiers- the possent State capital (In Front of newly every small house along the main struto Don Rodeigas on passed Jobre cord - This stick consisted of askort handle projecting through an obling flat Stick a Fost or wing long to the four end opplich is fastened the cord. The doy then brown to whish it like an old foshioned watchwants rattle & Jack slowly away from the person (usually anold man) who out the material from the loose pile on the grown of the work the boys her had a rosked stick about 4/1. high to the top of which the whirling stick was fastend so to by turned by a short crank while the stick was held upright by the boy's left hand, its point not on the ground. For this purpose the cord is sometimes fortested to the border of wheel - Long cond to be. It was in making rope. It was in making rope. It walley of Tuxtla is a jud & not much cultivated Toolend on the right side as wer sercended

Tya blufflike front of to an elevated plain like that at Oco quevantla von the left is a the valley voorend with scout growth gorg. with tropical pines along aunts. Tather open sopes gutte sachway & base ofelly The town is in the very Tottom has no atrithing protures. The same sleepy air pervadent that one finds everywhen in towns of this country. Then is considerable business done her however as it is the centre of supplies for all the interior of the state. The Churches an large world brutt on the goo't house is one ofthe most decayed twindle down structures show seem the country. apor came down the valley we passed sorg. lorge white torubs driet by themselves on a down knoll close by the road side & them a shourd us the low dark moss of Houses of the own with the white foe ade of the large of church rising Foldly over the roof in the usual namow cobble pour Storts to the middle of the town when we found a hotel that had born There we tout a couple of much man. There me putup of proceeded & look about the town. In the middle The place is a kigget washing each, day. Among the formment features of with Cacao Frank Su connection with Counting I money values in the fact that avall Change is often made by the used Cacao brans These usually go at 9 Frans for Sun Claco (1/20to) +3 cacaos uncinco. +3 cinco 12laco.

This method counting the ling refints obsolete conics. nothing of special interest was noted in the near ket, Arm as in nearly mex, towns the water, suffly is orngo cant. I Called on the aching formor him & got from him a letter to the authorities of the tale. His is a Sr. maquel, that got for in absence of Truilio Rabasa who was elected but went to the city of mex. to fell some Judicial office then after staroning a part of his term, During they time he omeont the Capitall from San Cristofal & Chiefas trintroduced vonous changes in the laws governing the state through the legislature which is always the habile instrument of the Execution in this country. By these meanys prople of this state who are against the adm. offen Die & who hove given the nickname to bolien this soproction to via to dr a part from The hold ofthe cle vy 4 of the State on the people. after considerable may und & heaping many rangers for the change of the tapital from San Enotobal I finally leavued the true range of the fact that sale to people on very bitter against the Diozadni. + sifrestein opinions prilg to penl. This her caused the fame moult as in Juen Shen the old Capital Lixtle was abandoned for The lawyer Rajas in jail at Juxtla for difamation of the governor Rabaja inconjuection with a law suit accusing the Gov. saithfolding propies in con-rection with the suit ison instoque of the arbitra Rabasa ording the comprisonment of Rajas form near war the local authorities Kesitated the order was repealed so somethy that Rojas fond him

Selfin jail when he still runaing In Muxtalfond a part of Sweneou surveyors who four recently completed a surry of the lands in a parto thestale by good Contract The indians how form allotted lands that the setulty occupy vallothersan decland good property for sold in lots on the state at a fixed fines of the classification of the sand by the good. The lost of surveyor with Fried by occupant multing in considerable handship to the andeaus. The resultwas that one of the am. Surveyors was chot at Quechula lasty This is one of the lenes of the Rabaja administration that is beloagament him. It will result in an actual bruefit to the state howevery as the polling of large werenveyed tracts to indians is a great du drance to settlement From Juste we went out about 3 miles to the cancel of son ano Tamora, anattractive place in the hill-Side. Then was a my give palm the forwing here that has a fine columns trunk swilling a Just inches in diam. about the ground about 1/3 d I distance to top. The administractor here is a Carious character whose life has been a turbulent one and the wors viroslutions of the past years. The view from the ranch house her down across the Valley is a Frantiful one riveludes the upper and of Justa pe Chiapas R. From hen I mede a rapid horsebock hip with one ofthe surreyors to The country lain new of Tuxtla On Seft-3ch wer left Tuytla orfon day break & lost Tome time in getting on the right trail. When dawn bryan or next some people on their way to market and got offen the right was at last, The a few miles no wore in the valle, when the trail

led us up into the rocky, lunestone hilly to the nightfor north side). We masked a place Called Don Robe San Frynando about 930 & stopped to have coffer it a small store in which the stock consisted of a fru candles, I some pitch pine a few doller a aquardiente + some clay vissels (pots, water jars, bowls re) a couple of attraction mestico girls, Saughters of the owner been red the confer worm quite frankin Conversing withres. From here wer still asker [San From do is at about 3000 ft.) and at noon del came to a ranch (Irlonging to some numerous)
Frantifully situated on the topo of the rets. when the Front volling summit was divinified with oaks pines This nasatan althuter over Hovogh a few miles bryond this the when the people were very mendly toppand us dinner we organa long descent toward the Chiapasi This slape is and vorm rocky the wir worm a couple of hours getting down to the north wir found the Sman which is a couple of lindred of across vyorth a strong deep turnet we hailed The Jorny men across the chrain & before long 3 xindians in a large dug-out course Car across. Putting our saddles abound we forced the horses cuto the water & swam them alongside as the men puddled across. Fortenately we started across some distance about the landing ex we drifteda Some dissource to the Comment. Que across we de -Suddled & rode into the town. It is a place & per haps 100 houses with a nimed church in the nielle The horsesinentied in front the widing suggests.

Wern quickly sent to Brigan gran com stalks for find. In the rorning we had con siderable skirminshir with Juesto keep them from correct off all the horse first-the people neognizing my companion as me often worry fort that measured the lands of neighboring towns last quart were von ackions to leased the object of out trips Essandus that the loudy about their town are too poor to be worth servering the told us how poor they wary with an eageness vongand roglittle value ogositis reason wyr not severyed at the same time as the others. Sept. 4ª Todaywe made 28 m. in anw. course passing Copanialey at an alt of about 2800 pt. o ryoched the Sudians at Copacinala is a ruined ghorch the town tself is a deserted looking place on an and dillside. Half way to reflectan we rute, the humid zone vachange" birt, manismals & veget. takes, place reficies of the ory country like that about Justla gives place gradually to the species The Rund tropies of Teapachan at Techactan is a runed chapelon a his about the town on the kigh bank oya June clear Itran glorong by the town is the finest till contain their downed cirling ribbed Inthivided by stuces mosto, work. Rude torsess in geometrical potters were visible of on many of the walls and a broad winding, of stone storing with its outer forder weather

was one of the most white frakeing frakeing the rein. a massive og neare dell-tower at one comer with a norrow done storman winding ap a quall bostom at the corner + lighted by long narrow slits in the walls Sells that must have drun Cast have forther I do not see how they could have I me grought signes of wear from the monkishfirt & dad. in the town flooking outown the town } Filow voe rows the brautiful slopes of the worded hills all about & the strain windi down the niest of the valley made as) rich a pieter a dever monkish eyes held in view. It was told me that the last Cholera visitation depopulated this place that it has We found the townwade upon mide adoby wattled huts, strowooded I dit floor The only Hore is a small place when we were given per mission to deep on the norms board country on which also our meals arm seved you looking indian woman. about this place within 5-4 mily an some ving good coffee lands. We role out to some land owned by an american dentist named Sturges who was absent. We found the place will adepted to coffer dutina distrissing state of neobet Here was another american living as a kill Thanger one - an ex-vonety show man whose the neesfortune & hear in the way of vulgarity-We ligh the place as goon as possesser returned

to Techoctan. The Country on our way & at the rough has a fine forest growth passed a fine sulphur spring The trail led a nucle or two along the course of the stram with rong transfel Ocenery on Foltvides Passing along The upper side of a corn field the triel fring dondered of matted thekils on both side, we were pleased of the sight a band of collors place ones datie & acrosothe troil justing front out out Their nights raid on the come. In the soft meoning when leaving town my comp. led me up te wrong trail rose brecame mixed up in a series of small com fills, coffer paters I woods but as day organ to dawn the view of The cruping clouds along the faces of hill & whistopes as the mists of night took from From for hours operanding. The cool des laden Franches Trushedour Checks, o long mimosa's with balls of pink flowers reached their clawarmed Franches out & caught as 37 The hat or clothing the nickly modulated tought many tobins growted came from the words all All day the the principled clouds like those oprost morning reformed along the hillsides & worm jule of never fading intenst from their constant changes.

On american voirfe have just come to deepoctan

- an starting coffer planting her. They find much difficult to get labores the indians nearly all have cornfields variable confields variables consistes money enough & hourance casional drunken brief: On Sept. 7th m left Jechactan ownt Tuechula on the Chiapas Riv. at an alter of about roofless a deserted. The lown's a small place at the upper edge of the cacoo lands along the six River valso is upper point mached of lang fright canors. To get him they pass through some dangerous rapids a few leagues orlow Incehula, he state put in \$ 5000 trying to clear out the rocks at this place a year or to a go but the money was thrown away mules incompetent managements no benefit don. Wany nowother a convox slost with its con of For 4 men in passing the sapirts anaccidents this tied occurred not long ago. With this exception Sang. Bantista to Duechula. Some good oar brought up ken for Justla Vlake from him there of mules but this business is now nearly closed as the supplies mainly come From Fonala. Then is talk nowof moving the abandoned piece of Railway near Tonala & Truging it to Tuxtle This would be a von losing piece of business for the trate of interior Chiapas is insignificant. Fut the trus an much smaller than on the lange planter tions down the norr. Same coffee is also grown her. The climate is hot o rather sickly. Du our way

Note: about Quechula from the river up for about rovogs. The
formation is growthy conformente, the
comes in a fiel of State formation of the
the linestone.

down from Techoctan we crossed a kigh rike ababout 4800 H. & thenderended through a hagnificent forest opsome ligned amber, hildrig, oaks total tros of the apper humil tropo, zone. as the trail ledus through a strip of especially dense wood Iwas riking or hind a suddenly saw a leopast cat Inteh along which we were riling I drew my norder of statu it. The cat I prang back off the trer fell into the gulchaging. Pistol in hand I do seended in the dense thicket to find my game of fordit dead close by the side of a young Too a about & ft. long. An examination showed that the cat had eater the head & some ofthe muscle on the back of the boa. nust have killed it. When near quechula we nation about this district. He was surveite to wint a new coffer plantation he is putting out to moccess his invitation to go back to his house take digner with him of the made a rigit to his plantation other on to Quechula where we were given a vocant mud Lauted house (whenthe american Surveyor was shot a gear ago). Some handsome youngnesser mes are growing along the hillside resor this place. The coultry along the nors is made upg conglere (of grows many) at trebula Chiconin y Techactan an in lemestone country. bu Sept. 8th we won fromed account the nivery of the south side of the niver to an alletide of about 3000 H. when dry stopped over night at a transach. Then we were give dry cowhide on a power of books for a fred. The next leaf Sept. 9th when made an east start a after covering Some 3 miles of Excessionly rough was full of

note - at crossed in a lugout grow cause with a lot of nations comying all manner of cargo. Our horses muches swiming - The river is 200 your sormon a crosshere I gort miles below it descends by a fall into the box canon known as the Sumider but does not flow through a covias I hour burn told-

rough & jagged livestone boulders gall size or came out on the rolling plain near Occilação. Then we stopped forbrat fast withrug Jonnes indian dosts withen went on-Continuing at a good gait all day we nached Justa at 5 Pm, after making about 36 miles. arranging the outfit wor left Justla in route to San Cristobal on the 13th of left. I miles down the valley from Juste we church to the bunk The Chiapas Riv. ophveite the town of Chiapa which is about equal to Justla in size & in general appearance. Passing through the coobbe paired etnits we transsed the player out Through the for rudoftown The place is built on the rolling slope rising above the river just Jack other wor brown to ascenda gongle limestone hill. Crossing this ridge was descended the opposite slope as Jassed the night- This place has an alt. of 4300 H The rauch is on the Endofa long, narrow Cloping plain which is now covered with grand with grand the stopes of the aspicent hills have at thin growth of sought of the tropical fines. On the droud only Duth 14th we continued fall mought together a dozen or mon in in gall with back loads of something, Several work carry in shuge Foskets of Faked oral from San Cinatobal When it is baled from nation flows.

a number of prople note a desines to take

Bockloads of this Frank to lowers 100 M. or more way.

They are often occompanied of their wires reconsting

one or two children. Bons or gives of 8 or 10 yrs, office

tramping shortily along all day over the mountain

trails.

on the 14th we ascended the gently sloping near which at an alt. 575100 W. we mached El Burro Twhen ar stopped justin time to ovoid a heavy rain clown that Tout out of the note, in front of us, Soonafter we ensconced ourselves two patrisos sellies Came up & getting quoters in the same house bream blusting about. One officer in fraticular made by the man in change telling me confidentially that Toldiers but when they passalonethey an extrant politi vdeferential. The rain continuedall? Stot- 15th Johay wrong made about 132 Casas] mached the W-capital after a shortday's nide, alt: 8000 the From Burners The open grassy plain slopes down toward El alvano nitt & village in its midst. + Fordered on all sides tog prine grown hills. The vigetation of this plain was the same as we found in the grassey plains of Decilapa. On the road to San Cristobal we began to ascend af once a few crossing a small carron close To be rauch and the trail wound torkervely up through the open pine woods. The troffical pine som gover way to be small corred species of the frottells & dissapeared at about 53 orogtsycamores growing along a small atración many sucamores growing along a small atración the trait posses valthe traine time along this canon come in aldes the modronos. At 6000 ft, a large comed task

The read led up constantly with we entered a heavylayer of clouds and travelled for vogue glimpses ophills reavens as the clinds opened or closed oborthes. Finally ar rocked a divide at 8500 pt. and can below us a transfel Bosin shaped valley with its Bollow cound with governmeadour or com wheat fills. with a village of dask from house of Dide the from Valley bottom Ended abruptly against the ping grown slopes of the bonding hills. Reaching the village or found the people to or all indians except a nexwho had a little store at one end of the main Strik, He was very friendly & set about getti us a little denner at once. When wromved he was engaged in the fruitie occupation? Crocketing a nowow piece of embroiding which he explained was downers It seemed rether out of place to see a large robust man of 40 rugaged in such work but I have been the sauce Thing in varous parts of the country & such work seems to excite no Commont from the people - I Ceding out of The valley we passed many other Thomapple another divide maching up to about 880011 tookus upont ofthe valley (8300 H. at the lower of Suniapa in the battom and a turn down the farther slope brought us in view of Van ristobal lying a league away against the base of fine corned will at the for side of a state dollars all sides

by wooded diels like the val. just left. The green valley with its zields grown wheat and the gleaving white walls of churches Showed of the city outs for side made a chaming picture as werode down the Hope toward it. I long stronght road franced on both sedes leads are rous the Hat val. - bottom to the town valoring this we met many of the indians of the summering mountain villages ratherning from market many of their both neen vivoneen were dneck vivin Fringled spulled along of their companions Some were doistoons but now often offered he any reduces while some with Excessionly polite. Theywan Inssed in dork colonid world clothing made of themselves votten in on atvouced stage of raggedness, 80 that patts of the door were befored in both pun I women - We nached the outsterts of lower and outened upon the usual Cabble stone pourment. With side of history win lived with one stong soote houses with shoply sloping the roop. as usual built flush with thestart! The state wratherd our fage of the shighest neves clickens gave the pure lasteet of the town a discusal, Lecaying look. Juther in we encountered the about fallof Soldiers people in holiday dress in fistion protein forthe national holiday tomorrow. The middle of the town was vall stricts leaking to the plaga nor hung with Insping of lace curtains of the notional colors one fronts ofhouses I fing

pillers of the playa tabout the fronts of some of the houses much y the floor twing releases pour making a vingoro-motic v delightfull capit. We fail lodging on the Hotel I roucais feft by two old ladd nost barren Alismal but the latte zerosun good for the country. There was no service porthe soms so that one had to go rut and catch one of the boys that waited on the table in only to tet water, accordle or other services Once turned cutor soon the quest was never visited by any servant even though there a menth as me were. We for I slong the entrance strict we arrived by a mulikable number of houses with the segn Fabrica de aguardientes" of these places nor counted along one street between the border of town the plage I wraftenont found them on neadly all other The indians confume amenormous quantity this "? liquor which is distilled from brown sugar Frought in Cakes from the hot country, San Cristobalisa longe town Jomes the capital but now defining of that of reason gits hoothit to the proceed good It was once near captured by the Chamula indians in a rollion.) It is now garrisoned by 3 batallions oftroops the posts of the state. The questional in dispute a cacar ago gover excuse for singing in the soldiers which will nodoubt remain until the next presidential election is held. Duning our stay hen several officers of the anny boarded at the hotel & when the Seath

of Honero Rubio was announced the Comments showed that his affiliation with the church hat neade him a proson much disliked to the towney. An old colonel news king that he was sorry for the health of a mention the father a president of gainly but that he fill it He bra a good thing for the country as removing what, might bra disturbing element; as it is as Commonly reported that he was the one to The remained at San Cristobal until October 11th working the country & I had a slight period opillness. The climate was rainy and cool and most of the days worr cloudy. In nov, the rains end & the In season organs lastinguited the following spring (may usually). Winter frosts on surre -Com that troheat any sown, The general hat of some morthern locality in new England or cauada rather than on the border of Central america - amortet is held Even morning in the plage of lan C. and I visitedit a number of times to see the indians who come in from the mountain villages all about Inging apples, peaches, thomapples, potators, Calbages, ornous Comfodder, hand made tables Ande pine chairs places of with their Enclosing for houses all groond with The mud walled houses. also wool, dried weat, deeskins, sheepskins, ve. almost all bankeaded or moning amall commed show hats. Their fort quierally unshal or with common sandals with outhout keel quand. Clothing a pair of course mousies or long heavy wooden blowse put on

over the head I looped up at the waist with a vachide con the blouseusually reacher & near the knee out is looped up about the waist to Grackes mid-thigh. The trousers are commonly whiled up to the thigh so one sees only for ligs below the blouse & often they only wear a sach about the loins with one end possing orturn the legs & fastened at the waist again from a bruch clout. These worden gaments an usualle block or black awant stoped. The wome go banheaded & ban justed. The hair done upin a rolloboret crown formed by the two wrops dishid ear ound rolled I would about in sproute directions the Ends would about opposite voll. (Same style as used at Galalag, Ooxaca,) a white collon hurfil of dask colored Evaques the or blue & block, They are a small race but the menan robustle built who development of the muscles of their legs is ormastable. This Comes from their living in recetief net. country o constantly comprehengloods. 125 lbo. is the reognized look one of these men will comy 12 to milisaday over the obserpest mils. They are the Comer of this region & most of the business is done by means often. The goort Loaded in long files each with a long staff in hand this pack supported or a wood leather streep our The crown justours Josephead. as they assend sleep slopes with their loads I often heard then loughing talking as comfortably as might be dut When the ascent is very sharp the become silent rutter little whistling sounds brown their ten they emit their breath Fivery 3 dor 14th time Homen told persons or infirm persons of both? Sexus an comied on the backs of their men in

The general bad reputation for the Channela indians was proved tous only by a single Rase when my assit coming in from on horsebock from a runt one day met personal of them partly drunk just ont of them. One of the crowd sieged his horses Fridle volos his tostop but has put of his horse of felling the fellow to the frond by a Horse from his first soon left the horseing crowd which.

Chairs renclosed in an awning frown on a wooden frame. These people belong to The Jochil" tribe. They have extremely ugly mital faces and even the young girls whom in the repulsive prograthous jaws that give their faces their characteristic style. The tops of their Reads are namous They rather Couly a horrow ntrating for head about quall normeres is another wattroction gratien Withall mex triber of the triena fria the on ving filthey in personal kabits the children suffering from mangy head & sorr ryrs in convegnence. When we fint amount in town com was very scarce toul a small agrand was brought to theplace each day a Fixed how was appointed a market wespector was there to attend to the distribution. The owner of the corn satatone side vacrowd of wounder gathered Twom ranged in a semicence facing the com then the inspector would talke 6 cts. from ten women & give it to the owner of concusho then put an alward goorn into the Vhaler? of one of the women when she went to one side Atte cornwas divided up by the owners. In this way the supply would be used up Trong one get Enough to lost until next day. While him I met a Donlings Parriagua, ayq. nation of this town who was at school selveral geals near Philadelphia. I have nothing complimenting to me of ophim as his venering Jamericanism was too thin to be very useful. He assund me he loved the U.S. varueneans vation after tried To make a frew dollars by a bonfaced & palpablelie. Them is considerable wheat daised about her No manuboching of any kind gors on except

Qualitailoring & Thormaking Shops Theton Valley in which the town is locality is a basin withine outlet for I rawage except through a cour in the lunestone rocks at the lowest point a few years since the mouth of this natural I silvage tunnel breame chotked with nobbish and the water backed up city-sywhich Issura photo. Much alsomas court the valley & begin to Engulf the Court. at this moment the obstruction gave way & the weight of the accumulated water and, in a short time the valley was in its ordinary con. ditien. Here was the centre of the work of the Jamores Bishop Los Casas for whom the town is named Hisold church still stands by the places I paid a riset to it out of respect for the memory of one of the orn from houst of good heated I flavior that cause to this continent in the days of the conquest. The good palace row of columns of portice of grank arch about which is distropertionally high for the sign of the building. a farm unaltractors place lies in front about which are a number of 2 stoned buildings The soldiers have Horrocks in two large ex-convents & nothers douldings of note an faul her. While here we were hunted out by our american tramp who ofthat strange runaltainable object for his Find - work the wished a lettle help he said to find work on the M.R. Thad the usual long

tale of misfortunes to accomplor his present condition I helped hick on his way hoping he would get what he was after. These parasites are invading mex. countrymen whenever they find them & find a readily response to their tales from the Carles While pen I presented to the Jeft Politics my letters of introduction from the good but muto decome any of spoke very che of the as regards his duty in the matter of the assistant of wished in my worker which he at first glatte refused 89 Even though nugletters from his superior ordered king to do what he could & aid ne When I had spoken Sharply to him he writte another room where he remained a short time & came out with a lelly in company the assured me of his stake to do anything Iwished ragniste do the do a fine minutes copies HE kept his word & thence forth I found him Exception ally cordial ranxious to kelfo. This is a good illustration or a number or Simila lower grade Throughout the country of the voldiers held the first of rock month. Was out mied to see clother while way one else was in full dress

parade the gen. in command assitted by a retind gen lungher & The head with a full list of soldiers, toffices of subode grade, Then the soldier obentewalts parcel the offices sat & rach soldier as he Tooked called out his name which was as they passed then the neucheckyd filed off in two to the bonocks asking The reason for this Iwas told that it was done in order to prevent fraud in the pay no deft. 16th outher date we left hul male Cruiles across a series of mountain ridges To the undian irllage of Tenejapa Forme of The road lay ac ross post like opening on The broad rolling summels of the mets at fro 8500-9500 gl. Int most of the way a thing Jonstophines (some senith outs) madronos alders in places pordere The trail on which we met many indians going to mostet with backloads of the produce of the country. Some of these saluted as they passed but the most went dozged along without site fortheres of the nonvow valleys crossed wire many thom applies true with other plants of the coldclinate. The grassey pork like openior or prairies on the hillops are joud act to over the tops of these mits when the summits are Frank & rolling or plot. The pockanimals fell about on the slipping red-clay roads kgave came out on a steek slope veaux dilow us

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inadeep, narrow, vocky walled valley the Village of Tenegapa. It reamed to be fat our first alwast within a stone throw-The stricts win von plain the place was july of people ingaged in the maket. The zig Edgald down I'm kalfan how Entend The main street voor to coole parment made our way to the dilapidated town house when my letter at once procund me the use of a her avrage vry small, like those at Jau? Torlong to the rame tribe with a slight dialete difference an man 5 st gin tall looks lorge percent of the women can walk under his outstrikeled orm. Like the people of au (. They are very right frathend a large forcent, probase our half speak no spanish with other buflills On the 13th we made in early start but hada. rostine climbing the rocky hill leading out of One of the pockmules fell our nathines it was grat good fortune that the was not killed the mes provated from falling down the lift by the growth of bushes first below the trail. Beyond this hill me came out on a long stope lasting down toward 3500 ft- to a crossing of acheep Canon just where a small now loscut its way down into the linestone fraing a transwation 150/1 deep. The trail crosses at the lower end ofthe Chion when the virau comes morning Coseades bothorn walls hung with vines from one suy Thombs a plants and felings fyrithoulders wet the mouth of a Frant full and contracted on norming rapide to a dark hery a hundred you where the Otram vouskes with an added work

Some morans ven werding abram polah on the side of the Caron about the covery a slope so steep it seemed almost infromise Howelines mud danted, with wooden door the on a wooden huge tite ruspe proof like tuting the little above vorlow, whall wrendow weept usually a small agreen or oval prephole a prescuch dervos, wen scattered all about on the slopes, generally in the midal of compatches The original forst has from whole cleans grow the sloopes of thes hills along today's routo + rether pateta of com Torans on growing or a deine judle 9 bushes ownes. The trill slopes exposed to to view for mules oncether hand wers cheeked over with the Cornobran patekes of the nations whose dank weather stained huts showed up against the lighter colors of the surrounding orgelate Harrother glilepass of the trails win seen side of a high met redge a white notion of water ascending the trail dry bod the water cour we found the road von rough with lines tone rocks among which the mules fell reamed long toward tows delay & much hat work the tate in the Dorn, a june rough set in & I left the ontfit to note ahead to the town of ancire when we proposed to stop in order to arrange for quarter & hopeful, Finally through the nict vacross a deep comon I saw looming up on the summet of the ridge to white wall & of a church. It was becoming dark and note into the village up a trail cut along the stup

alt glanene Stooff & 7/miles from
Temingaphe arossing 2 ridges about book Tindians, whom know ever a per wordsin spanish . The maistro or local good official How natures. I presented my detters was invited to stop at the maistros hover-Vastad for an indian to go back meet the outfit o quide them through the Dask up The steeps rought mil. after some delay a man was sent out but at the rule of a couple of nous foldman cama stundling up in the dock prefoot ocorned with mud Thom falls in the muddy trail. He had seen nothing of the quile of the newleshoring fallen in the websalt the briging of the ascent he had lift the outfit & done aptoget light. I atomee haddenen sent down with pitch pine toxbe to my rulief. a few moments later & theman I had cent out at first as a quide came in when asked why he had not quiled the outfit in sand Killer" as he expressed it, he hid in the bushes mailed with they had got in before showing up. The rainhad ceased the next a.m. + we writen crossing a deep cain with a long pine grown slope leading down from Cane are to a small nor crossed ma roofed wooden broke The indian town of Graquite see in the lower parto allow lope mean the bollow garbothe damon Beyond it wo other to note covered with atting nowth ograss vocallend price woods with semble oaks ta pour medronos. Format ever the closeds that in ratine

Litala is 16m, from Cancue + has an altor H1007h Cross 2 noves gabout 5 000 gt the neworn little town of Setala' with its nimed Churches Va Just indian houses, or huts. Herr we war gon taken across a stretch of 3 poncy sod half orreflowed with water from the muserable cabin of the maistro to the thatchcovered room in the old monaden alongside the church-Hornwrown glad to get sheller from the fog of ning mist, rain that made it uncomfortably cool oretaile. From Cancere or had a comple of indians to carry a portion ofour outfel so we had from delays than before. Easi Trom Cancuc to Sitala the ribes blows on their sides to near bollows of Canous at less them 4000 gt. 9 mon the troppical pine toucher to. with large, love come & large leans Sitala was once quite an endien village Jutis now nearly deserted the church in Tring as is the Church at Lenejapa_ Outho 15th of Oct. we made 18 miles possing across severall pure grown ridges & through the town of childre, at 3600 st, in a pritty lette valle, in the hills & down the valley through a rather rough VEX brundy rends road to ya Jalon at 3000 ft. on the bank of small now in a norow valley belowen this limestone hills. Herriur found there sur mind Church va town of puchaps 2000 people Chilon is larger has a considerable no. of holfforedo. Yajalon has only compositively frus ladinas as the people of spanish desert an called throughout chiafpas, Inonder to make quaters for as the children warra turned out of the room used for School in The house occupied by the teacher This wife burnished us one food, We remained

her until the morning of the 20th rise steeply to rounded summets. although in many places rocks are about and the sur good they are not very large very with regetation The hills rank show diffs ranged outlines trum mainly rounded in outline although their slopes are usually thep tofte prespelons. This is characterations the nets all the way to faul risto fal. Mepting the world worky walled little valler of tenejapa Thick looks as though The soil is a resich clay or yellowish Clay nearly all the way from Sand, his von elipping non from the rains muddy places when the animals got through mith difficulty. The school master him conducted his school in the manner usual in towns of This character Realing winting are the main shirter. The children shirt the former aloud sitting a vow on a long upoden bruch, No wester pays but telle attention except to keep about in the vicinity I Every now other when the soundoythe chemisoproises dies are he will shout at the "Study" + at once children can learn taugthing under quel trution. While wer work the mother sister & 28 rothers of the Ochodowood wife suddenlappeoredone morning and gar wito the house told the masters wife to go har with them I leave her husband For some

moson they war against her living longer with the marty. He told them the was ligable married & the women fat the replied that it made no dische could not live with him any longer He made no Justier objection whis wife richild were humid away on horseback, In a day or so he way going about town as lively as possible visithout, a Degnogragat. He said he did not resist their alighis wife away breausehedid not wish to nearce a scandal. The day of the patron and was celebrated by a small new Ket bring held & Tyagrafamount of aquardiente brig double. Neuronen wor stagging about the streets allday & in the P.m. a number win lying helpless in the plage as they had fallen Whigh frace was butten the place where a mock bull jight took place - Served hells hold them by work turned in a succession while several people held the ropes from def. sides others tomented the bulling munt teased him into trying to charge the a Jow rockets vir sentup & this was the Endo The sports for which the people gathers into mage of the fait about town in procession with some rune kut deletil music The indians enjoyutensely such simple large nois in newor holiday drips. These people dones like those of the sumonding country wheeft the women of whom the shoto! I sample show the choracter's The ladinos" to

The women in posticular in strong to gam agrainst with a cheap suboso and fair Front Aline little of the picturisque groce the nature women so commonly rehibit. The ladinos are also a puny race full of projudices & superstitions and Ext trucky aga rule. newspassers an usually represented on the official paper of the state with a cheek from the long celies containing little of interest. modernides & auditions are Trying to fitter in among them through the knest gaucient prijudice custon with easier means of communication with the outside the state of schould develope So Jar the results from mining entroposes State produces wheat do fey postory of state give coffer, sugar came to cae as with an about and the warmer front of the state of the s Oct 19th we mut on across the notes 13 miles to the indian village of Zunches which is on the crost of the mountain into The main wordillera of the East. Hom my ringiamed until the 29th a small straggling undean village the enstoy a high ridge do buy sleeply away on both E.T. W. sedes with the roofless owin oran ald Convent thurch a small

gross-thatched mud-walled town house with dist floor & two worden Truckes as the as the Juggado. at one end is the small room with wooden grating door used as fail) Closealongside The house gimila litritt occupied In the maistro" or defuty of the Jefr Politico. who is town ochoolmaster value al gorif Prosidente Alcaldore out these all Lo whaters the maistro tell them. From the top of the will by the little flat on which the inclases is located is a fine view down across the mountains to the coast plain of labases. Onclear days the gleam of nor blagoons with drown grassplains & forsted areas and seen extending on to the dim horizon where the hagy blue of the gulf is visible. To the right rises the high Ivolling ridge of the Valengue range of the Jother side of which hie The famous orins a Over the slopes about Julubala as on most of the slopesall along our route from San instabal are the patches of cleand land chowing when the undians have planted corn, Belording to this municipality are about \$000 indiany mostly scattend sorm when over the slopes but him other getting into Imall villages. Dispite this number there are lange anaso virgin land in the district & him afruit borr of americans, & germans have come in or brown coffer planting. as they are none.

of them will informed or practiced in the Justices the reutson small for the outlay. much trouble is Experienced in getting labor as the indians of this locality do not Corr towork, although higherwages up now offered than ever reform in this district groung to the need of ments proportie land on new coffer playlationsyst the people heavingsmell com patches of their own yielding oufficient for their sample wants refuse to work frish, Forthis orason a oustern of subployment is in force that is illegal shut gauctioned by the authorities, a ranch needing a certain numbers men applies to the maretro's advances him a certain vecin (5/50 to 170) The maistro pockets 25t from this leaving 125- 150 for which the han must work a wish (6 days Then the mans to sends out his messenges with a list of names of men in the vicinity with money, The messenger Jundy his man at home I notifies kim that he hunst come to work afa a work offers the money. If the man of jeets to take the money saying he does not wish to work the office, throws the it into the house & gors away & the rugu is held leable of do the work should be fail to come then he is a moted & sentenced for some days often a work, in jail & are forgrently senten. ced to 83 whipped. I saw several whipped during my stay here. The man was stood up face. a post of the corndor of the lown house with s a shirt on had 25 lashes from a start riding Whip across the back vahoulders.

While ne effort was made to mudes this Dunishment von sever 't was degrading enough & gave me a Jerling J Evage disguest. Drepitethese efforts to get help the sauch owners an oblighed to Search on all sides for labor going sevend days jononey- som to Comitan toget men. The oysteen of loans to men noing the persons the most of the rimployers make a practice of serving ont knick to the new after a thays work in bad wrather & some make it alsell their men all the ligner they wish up to the limit of their wages in some with machetes and words of this-which is also illegal, but is done in order to try thold the new . These indians are Hermely ford of came-run & work for it, when they could not be otherwise induced to hoto. With time only risit her there was much dissutisfaction among the nations & a year Fifore a small-wolt was started but died away refor an violent steps had burn make. The people him an shy of stranger or until ony recently had little to do with outsides or dissapear, in the Trushwood of meter alone along the roads They are rather in offmsier konrort and not much gum to stealing. They have very free gums to are little verseed in trunting or wood a raff what kind-They are a relium sized people of rather coorse fratures.

among other punishments Francy The imprisonment Joan several of the men with shockly valarge block of wood two of which I shotographed. These men were kept at the jail awak & work shackles for Tring Fount o quarrelling; During the day trine they were walking about outside Carrying The shockle-log in one hand of the chang & oung-ning themselves. at night they were locked up. During our stay her cold storms of Jogo rainewith across the net. summent repeatedly & sorrything was kept dripping with moisture. The slope of the nut. Facing inland has various broad open gassy and othe trus vouches and mally there underes often tring a doier climate, up to within a fred hund ord ft. of the oument. There the dope is chowing in the heavy forst growth with abundant under druck, ones & hirbage, This extends are was the cumunit ordown, the gulfslope to within a frustrund red fr. of oda level a little orlow El Valto. In this great forest that extends into Justimale The orch oroken hund there by indian clearing & sending out small nors toward the gulf the coffee planter good district that should corntually Fralong produces when the labor ? question is welther . The climate from 1500 - 5000 H is healthy within these limits The Coffre is Fring planted. The Quetzal is an inhabitant of these forests with Renelofpina Hother interesting Fish.

The Horoling monkey nucetis also ranges up in these forests to mark 5000 ff, & the spidy markey attes gesfruje also riaches at least to 4000 of the accounts of the control of the district. On Oct. 29th met Tumbala when we had damp unconfortable quarters in the Jusquale" and descended the mt. 16 m. to the village of Ra Innibad Namalt of 800ft, This is a little indian village at the upper booker of the foothells in the heavy forst. We ormand herr servaldays getting some specimens but delayed mainly by the heavy rainsthut free & promited our going our. He stopped here in a omall Juzgado' in front of which, under a narrow perauda huddled ceach night a crowd of indians on their way to various places with pottery & other articles for sale to the people ofthe low country og Corning bock sugar, salt ve to the interior towns. They travel in porties often o Load proportionale to their strugth, Intaddition to the load of goods each carned accorded balls of com Lough volled refine domana leaves bealled posol this is the ordinan food of the indiality of Chiapas when travelling. It will keep jet for food for ten days as I have seen some the low country. At intervals of 300khous when they come to a crisk they half a opening the nelled sack in which they carry the posol they

break off a fragment mixing I with water in a small Fowl-like gound drink The gruel like mixture of them go on again Then who are sent out towork a work on the plantations also carmy this or work with no toto their homes. While at Tumbala Isaw about 50 men conein towork a wisk on one of the rouches loch with his naked machete corried in the hollow This arm of in tris hand va net of sock of several large dalls of posof on his Fact. They had Iven sent by the authorities from a village 2 days journey away Trick 150 for bdays work at the end of the wisk they grate all this & retremed home with nothing at La Trividad the people won much afflicted by malanal from nearly half the town bring morror less sick so I had some trouble getting carriers to take my boxes of specimens on to El Salto de agua. Hraving that the roads from Hor La Vrinidad to the latter place are very val I decided to have my assistant orthern with the outfit to Jumbala while I bout on with my home a souple of come sto El Salto When I could take a canor to the coust. 180.42 Today Sleft La Friedocke While her me made a trip a from mules Tack into the forest to the vale opents at 1700 ft. to a place called minnehapai when a mer albert Huy is located with

His wife & a young last cousin, They are a yq. comple from minneapalis tan my pleadant beable. It reas a great pleasure to necet them oringon their hospitality. Their log om not house in the midston the hosp. real forst had its walls hung with draften in profusion gave the placeta copy home like air that I have not found in these wildselsewhere. The Hong came to this country for his health of his charming wife insisted in aharing the wile. The fortunality the object of their life in the forst, a coffee plantation is not bring accomplished my rapidle as the difficulty of gettinglabor + the lack opa knowledge of the language whow to handle the people buthe part grown Huy is moulting in the Jacken of his effects. This travel mast meet many people who come to mex, without fully knowing what They will encounter On Nov. Hth I sent my aget to Tunbala and proceeded on horseback with 3 men Jobant 20 miles. The route led across lowhills & our flat or neafy level areas all overgrown with forest & crossed by sems mall strows. The road is a men The heavy rains hour muderd the mud miles the horse had hard work to get along. In one place he saud in valuet so I had to get off to help him out. a deep namour onsk had to de crossed by carrying the waddle one on a log & sionming the horse.

For a mile or two the trail led through a Troken ledge of honeyombed linestine weed the deep slipping mud made programs of strong the From of a ridge obstroking El Vallo and passing some neglected care fulls nached the low. It is a small place of only 10000 200 people dutis the head of the noted district of Valengue. It's Buthe back of a tever naighbe to the visit of this point at all seasons of small Shallow oranght tleamers. Jan The Foun is a strongling coelection grattled radote walled house whet with growing etrests. The granners of the lather giving a pleasing air of preshours to the place. In front of the town the low water was express several seneso, estels & submerged riefs of diversione deposits built up by the grat amount obline carried in the now water some boundle millow have taken ooof in the highest ofthese dans aiding to build islets in midsbrain While justabour a dam hus from jorne! Enterely across the over like a coral our over which the water was fouring Samuel Ding was town porsulate" local gudge, tax collector prostmuster sul pleasant gutteman combined: By dis kind fefforts I had no trouble in getting canor-onen to godown the now. I writ a comple of milly Frlow the

town to stayournight at the ranch called Lalingsda owned by a firm of groman daffer plantes who have their leur For the trip and the hospitality of their Thenext day was spent getting a stock of provisions made up for the men & having a toldo drutt over the middle of the canor. This is an arched Cour made by brieding long clender poles ofasting the Ends down on either side of Cause rail in holes made for the purpose. Other poles on lashed lughbise normithes framework are bound the broad leaves of a species of Cannabis that abounds him making like the top of a prairie schooner. On nov. 6th I started down the river, and Boxes of specimens piled in front & myself on my Frd roll packed away ander the leafy anning on a mide floor of Foods to sceep meabour the vale, that ringht get into Canor dottom. after so many months of horsebock work the sund pliking of the cause among leafy walls was delightfully nord and pleasant. Befind postly hidden in beauty which came in orien main range about Jumbal Totheous muchings of the over. On right oleft lor a pun from the main range worr Extending in rapidle descending slopes toward the Coast plain. The nigr ranks more deap grown with a nally jonat ning densely from the sole of the water vone penetrable machete in hand. I aprille coleties this probes haunted the friend. I trus thushes at the along the backets. These danks rise in rouded knobbs volopes

The melancholy whitting note of nothocerus dallaci a kind of feartroly-living in the dense thickets was heard morning to wring along the upper Chilafaella velsattor.

to-75 ft. about the water & slope dockto The neighboring ridges. The forest from to the vicinity of the norrbank hinging the distantouthing a soft dook grove color. atconsiduable attends is cauce onchoings in the forest along the ours doubt. Her me huts worm always perched on the river dank at therepper lodge of high water test to states along the edge of the river. Everything was very quiet & the salutary Existence of these people coast. How then the canor men would rail an acquaintance va from moments later the. Forstwall would again shut us in with its hubroken front autil some miles Trlowwe would come on another cleaning. Com seems The main crop with small ougor cane patches. In the earning we came out into another strame Entire from the west called the macuspana. The hilly country was now left be hind qual from hen a gentle sometime slightly rolling slope Hends toward the sea. a trok willow is com. blong the dank often dring almost impendable the frequently growing down into the water the bank of the down one down into the water the come, wild semiflower & some morning glones worm also com. The 2 latter usually about cleanings. Early in the moning after Il Salto we came to the village of Sepatitage . It is a characteristist river term of the low-lands. a collection of the low-lands. a collection of the low-rands the bront

lawn like grosse main street fronting The water where two or those own elstones usually occupying the largest buildings which are made of adobe v mada contain sural ovents distillettestor whichis in front. But of Close of stunds a Thise an scattend mit, with walth) found dand shalls thatched roofs-The streets an four from much ourses voornd with a short tright govern good as the river prossours po away all accumulated debris enongyear voome effort seems to be made to steep the chart for from addivinto that es disfigure The little towns of the highland these water towns an attraction for sho tright. The absence of horses mules from all busings The places a still neater look They always onceen von queto sleepe & about their giving the appearance Ekcept on frakt days when the general eilenegis made up by paradin bands rockets rocker fineworks after getting borak fast him we dropped down men pointed to a hut on the river bank Waling Edge working clother once when an acligator singed him she const out for help

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rom down the bank i jumpingastride The alligator with shallow water forced her fringer into its Eyes. The alligator nolunguished its pory othe girl sprang off When the righte a gain sieged the old woman. The girl repealed this of resting twee more before the brast field gove up the old arrigan was helpedashon Types brown daughter. Thoroling monkeys were heard roding at a distance in the fonstorny men said it was a black apecies not found in the lower county. Soon after dark the notes ceased & getter I wout to cleepto the med monotonous slively downstram deturn the inty black walls that seemed to shut us in about 29h. Inas awakened from heavy duber of the endden outburst og the most fright ful goorings upon both banks of the river. The noise was terrific in its ordence The Jightful up roas exceeded any sound I supposed posseble to It made by animaly, For two hours we drifted silently down stream through the incessant foring now on one dank The men had ceased rowing & as we drifted Situally between the high black walls of forces From which the tounds came the a furling of strange lovelines tecame through.
Nothing mon characteristic of a remote

Francisco forst in the Tropies can Francisco than these horsh discordant forth in this brancher they are even more effective than when heart at in day time. Before the notes zinally ceased frist before down my head seemed to be filled with the sould to the state of tension foroduced on the news was becoming paintful. When the last notes died away with backs & broken howls almost as suddenly as it had orgun. I telt a great relief & again slept until banks- The next afternoon us again heard distant rodrings of monkeys which my men said west another tid. Their notes were even loudy than these of last night but they work heard in Scattered groups. The mendlock monkey of the foothiels is called locally Sarawatu, vike Smaller one of the low ands is the mong" while the celeles which occurs ab with the samualu is called Chango" On my orthon I landed at one place when I heard one of these Sarawater monkey shorting and one ofmy men would head cautions Cutting a passage through the vines & bushes Fording the vivry assuration a short distance the mulligrowth of small thornestrucked palens, Clawwoned rines vc. breame less dence var worked back a couple of hundred goods, There moder over quite an retent in the mindet Twater over quite an retent in the midet Twhich grew some tall broad brushed trissich In some of these were 5 or monkeys one of which

led us to him oghis loud notes. When we were close to his true he stopped forting I looked down quiett without any attempt but about 500160 y 20 2 the Swan Shot at about 500160 y 20 2 the Swan Shot at a sight to slip off the branch on which he sat and after hanging a few moments he follwith almost affect his the water. At the hostofthe gun I sawa June. with egg on herbook organ walking upaling branch an another torra little bryand. agnick shot caused her to top & a second what Frought her dormalso noto the water the yg. was quite burall dut as soon as the older strately in the nates it left her & organ stowly climbing hand over hand up one of the dendy soping steins of the a recombished was orgained to only than. These monkeys had a rank offricion oder viry Tumbala at nearly 4500 H. all. after leaving the village belows the mouth of the macuspairs the Country gradually breame lower the fonat smaller. Hym me found the Smaller hower von common. On the way down they were heard up to 7 am from down to in the worning at sunset va little before but no night concert such as that of the oche tend was heard. On our way up I penetrated a piece of low forst among rives, prickly stemmed polius & long vine-like come to when several work howling. They were sealed quiett on from of the over. When I came under the the when a male sat not over 40 ft over me he ment, looked down quietly without any show of slave. 2 were shot the others moved slowly from one much to another without any allement to escape.

Embaking wo had only gone 3 08400 gds. when the muaning males in the flock I had girst & some among detrip their roasing and from the same aprot as though nothing had occurred. a grave Icaques about this at suiset for were poling slowly up stream when I noted a Hock ball on the dender flat tot by a strong showby growing in the shallow water at the idee of the ocior we have close I was it was one of these monkeys appointly bound asleep. Con the tot of or my voice but it did not raise its head from both was the sees. We were then passing the such Vealthing a branch I surged the the bush back of the at this the monthey raised Is head I looked at us for a few moments with a most absend exports ion as though today "What did you do that for" I then delibrately buried It face between its knees as defore Vramedits slunter Both myselfrethe canor membanghed heartely tet the muconcurred creature & leftit. The note of the suraunthe bellowing of a bull. It is given as a long Irown rooning with fro broks one modulations. The mono starts in much the kame tone as the sorawater but has a louder roas which is soon broken with modulated notes anding with house baskings noise much mon startling than those of the other species. The flesh of the Sarawalu is said to de very good to rat by the Il Satte people Who how hunted the arimals away from the neighborhood of the town in consequence. Theflish of the mono is not esten by these same people. Hour Jaleus more seen on the way down thering. The cocount which grows about villages Franches-The royal palm with surlling transc- a transfert grove opposite the mouth of the chilepa

• now on the Grijalva a species of Jan palm 30-50 Ht high common from a little below El Satto and The Small gorickly stemmed kind vrnobendant It grows from 8 to 20 pt. high in dense woods shifthe nations cannot walk the faller opine Sanlals. I had to be lown one of my bory a pair of show Infon he would go with me after the monkeys. The low the point when the weacuspaine Then another fork takes place the Chilapa leaking to the left or surphying into the Grijalva neover soul, Bautista while to the left is to Chilapilla which flows to the grijalva near the coast. a little below the village passed in the morning the low country's entend when the high noting como the land in the rainy ceason, The people hour their houses on the highest spots so that the water down not breame deep enough to complementary but The population is very scarty of many of mixed regor + visian blood. Both men momen paddle about standing upright in small narrow canoso that look scarcely larger than a plant, Our sor. at huset has women passed isostanding in form I stern of one office little canors. They were tall gracefully formed wongen with their figures thowing under the light cotton garments. The our was just setting a roughight shaded the Forder offonot or reflected in the minor white suface ofthe river. across this drawy seems the women came dossed in white with long swaying poddlestrokes the canor skinning along like affird leaving a faint amount swell upon The water. The silence was unbroken sair of the soft splash of the paddles in my canor & the

Jerns was one of the se Frantiful Combinations of Color and time that fill the mind with pleasureable Emotions andakin to those woked by owert strains of music. In my wandering I find some buch as this that repayone for many hours of solitude shortchip the rough vicinitudes of life in wild rigions. along the Chilepella nor the country is very low and the vegette is woods brown low like The coast woods seen at Costavesoles Fan Falms vor160 ft. high stand up, doldy about the general growth. now other a large trer was seen these with gamet, widesprosy dande hung noth long of was fluinsh mores made a pictureque gight. Resignation along this Itran great not. of tranducks (D. Julia) wir sem. at night they roost fine the tops of the tours obushes also the backs of the nors & us we glided along at poties on every hand. as we draw near they would stand upor look at us curiously until Esthe sun avose numerous small parties of them won seen in a regular flight of any afra horons, comorants & snake dins not numerous. Close to the month of the Chilabella the country brownes matchy I over grown with cat-tail Hay, read vother waterplants. Passing here I find a shot at a duck Therons, white obrown, ibises, roseale throughly worther water for al arose manielly

formeed in line toward distant, parts of the march while a dand ofhalf wild Cattle suddenly troke out of the mids and with heads thrown les like slarted deep water into foom as they san. Villing across the Gripalow or stopped abulf hour for coffer at a nauch stanting of a brantiful grown of tall royal palens- night fell while here I we tryan the descent of the Griplen which is half to 34 of a mile Froad). My man wert now very time a slight part of the night dispite the vites ortside my net. We arose at Laws & for away on the low horizon could be seen the white derne of the Church & some of the dividings along the front of Frontesa. Mangroves Freame Common & some pritty strips of brock opens out along the a dathfore from mosquetors as there only vite one on the now but sunset & sunner Frontera is a small town with custom hove Vanuabro of Commercial houses doing Tueners with the people of the river towers. mahogamy to cutters and thociendas. a freshound of prople make up the population. The shorts & a regliety places an grossy vallabout is the low forst corning the withoutands that extend away on both sides of the Sleft han the following morning -Nov. 10th The return trip was made in six days the down trip in 3 going hardwright.

or 9 days for a round trip of 320 miles.

The endurance of the men was runasteable,

They secured only a frothours sleep in the 2st Their food was alward wholly made up of

The corn dough of which they canned a stock for the rutin top made up unto valls 5016 in. in drain I wrapped ing banana leaves, ahandful of this mixed with water in a govern vorult was their ordinan food! Several times a day they stopped and mixed a good of this Then went on . The constantly brigged me to buy them agrandiente or puchased it Themselves at intervals along the route. On the Hoth I arranged for a man to carry my baggage up the mountain to vicility of statt Jumbala: The Presidents of the town of arisamulping, a bright young lawyer, looked about & did everything in his Donor to assist me as he had done on my way down. Leaving it Salto on the The Imader miles on horseback to La Inn colad- a village at the base of the mits at an Elevation of 800 ft. The road leads up through a heavy Jonet from El Salto to this place. The much was deep in many places & finally I came to a crick with pricipitous banks when the bridge had Fren washed away. There swooth logs had French thrown across town as a dridge I started to lead myhore arross out midway he alipped & dothlegoon one side went down ortwood the logs. By using all my but could do nothing forther alone. The town was still some miles away v Fit was alrady growing dark when some Ila undeans came along. They Could talk no spanish but I prosed thew wto service Vafter gething the vaddle off rolled the hope of the logs into the crists st. Frlow. He went under with a tormendouseplash rafter much trouble we dragged him up on the

side (the Imidad Side dring inaccessible) and after Jelling in behaven the logs with shely tried the passagadine. The sticks broke vagain the horse fell. We gave him a second roll cuto the water of on this trial got him oides in the wood kinth much trouble I found the saddle & accontinuents & resaddles. from the horse its head I then let him find his way through the forst in the narrows trail. I nement thaining possed served places that would be persons in the darkness but to go on was better than the certainty getting a fever by staying all night in the heavy dent at the open. Once my horse came to a dead tell that they war both turned front as though he was trying to examine something the muddy growd in front found po was standing on the edge fanother russing bridge. I remembered a path that make a circuit to a ford near this & fuding it Beyond this I came copo with a troin Judiany loaded with baggage & the chairs containing the wife of amily of a wold german who was on his way back into the mountains on's foot to get some land for making a Coffee plantation. The old fellow was pladding painfully Knoughthened Tas I came up had given up in tending to slop by the road all night. I encount him by announcing the proximity of the fridge of at 9 pm I was delighted to get to the town Rousing up the Portsidente I persuaded him? to get me something to rat voor after the &



